

 **EL-MOASSER**



EL-MOASSER
Interactive E-learning
Application



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PRIMARY

FIRST TERM

DISCOVER

MULTIDISCIPLINARY

By A Group of Supervisors

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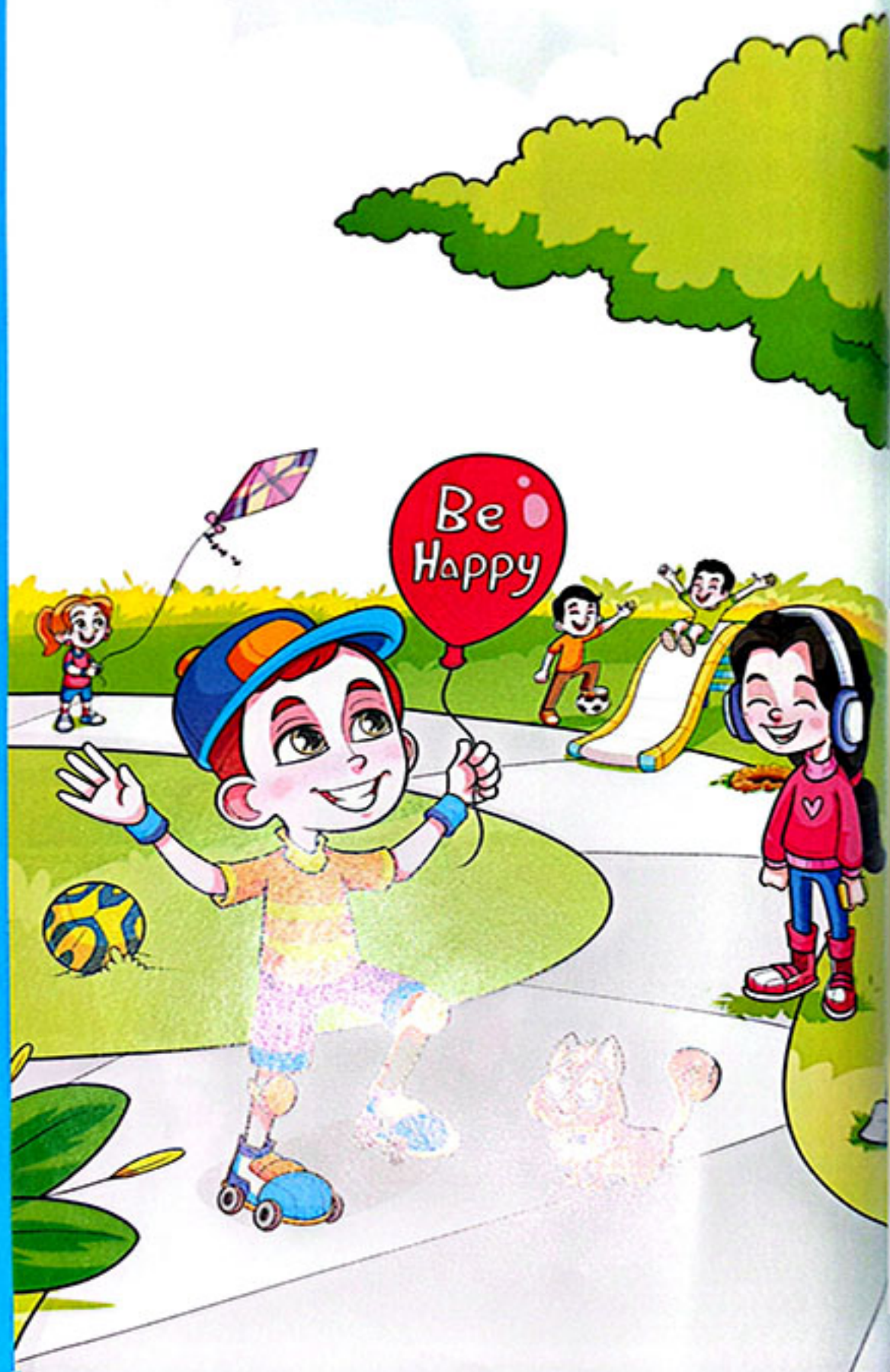
THEME 1

Who
Am I ?



CHAPTER ONE

A Day In My Life



Learning outcomes

By the end of this chapter, your child will be able to :

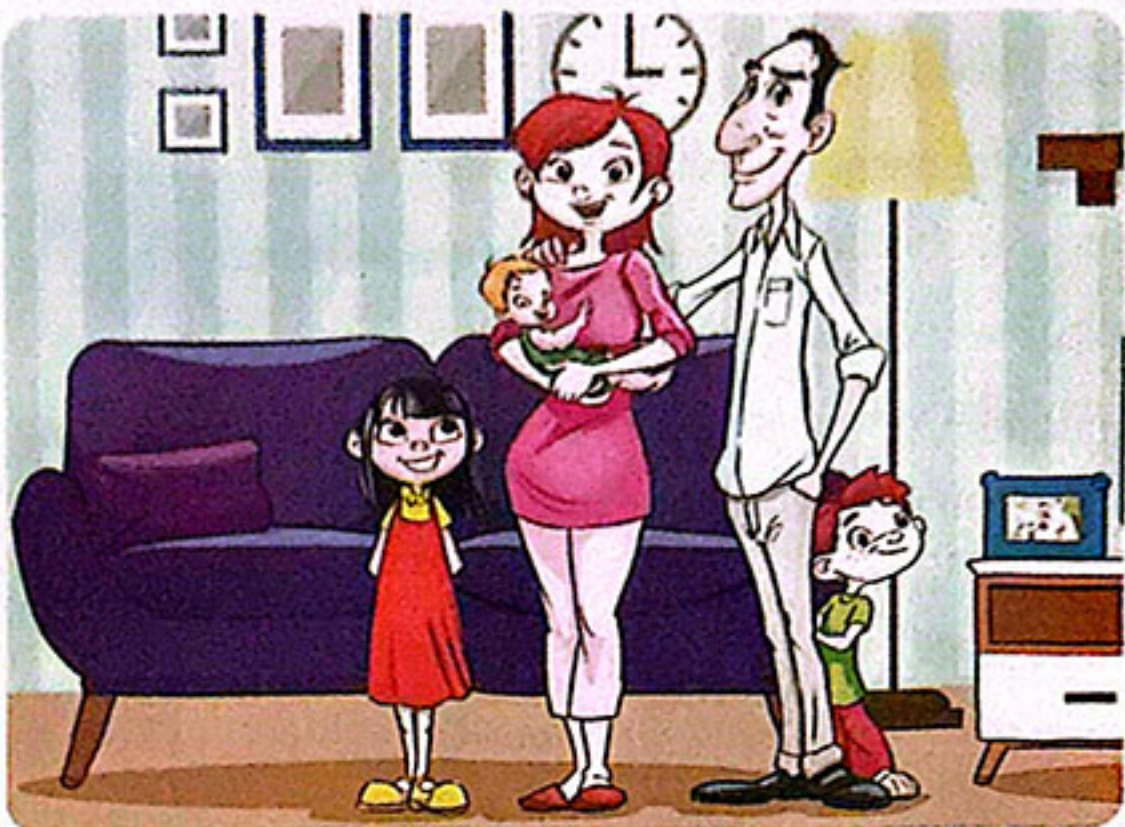
- Describe family structure.
- Identify your child responsibilities in his/her family.
- Identify how to cooperate with family members at home.
- Identify how problems are solved.
- Identify ways your child cooperate with others at school.
- Describe how others can have positive and negative impacts on our behavior.
- Describe what it means to be a good citizen.
- Observe patterns in his/her daily routine.
- Identify strategies to effectively manage time.
- Identify conflict resolution skills to solve problems.

Key vocabulary

- | | | |
|--------------|------------|-----------------------|
| • Community | • Citizen | • Citizenship |
| • Cooperate | • Respect | • Responsibility |
| • Compromise | • Priority | • Routine |
| • Problem | • Solution | • Conflict resolution |

Family Responsibilities

Activity 1 Read the following paragraph that shows the responsibilities of Shady's family members, then underline the responsibilities that Shady can do or help in.



My name is Shady and this is my family. My mom and dad work during the day. All my family members help each other in my house. Every day I wake up early and tidy my room.

My mom cooks the food for us. Sometimes my big sister Dina and I take care of my little brother Ramy while my mom is cooking the food.

My mom cleans the house. My sister and I always help mom clean too.

My dad always helps me to study my lessons.

If something is broken in the house, my dad fixes it. Sometimes my dad lets me help him to fix the broken things.

Every day all my family members help each other to prepare our dinner.

- Help your child to read the paragraph.
- Discuss with your child some responsibilities that he/she can help in with the family members.
- **Integration of subjects :** English (reading) – Social studies (family responsibilities).
- **Life skills :** Verbal communication – Self-expression – Setting clear goals.

Activity 2 Write your family member(s) that can do each of the following responsibilities in your house.

Responsibilities

Who can do that?



Fixing broken things.



Cooking food.



Cleaning the house.



Preparing dinner.

- Let your child write the family member or members that can do each of the previous responsibilities like (mom, dad, sister, brother, me, etc).
- Discuss with your child other family responsibilities and who can do them.
- **Integration of subjects :** Social studies (family responsibilities) – English (writing).
- **Life skills :** Self-expression – Verbal communication.

Activity 3 Put ✓ at responsibilities that you can do in your family, then write a sentence to describe if you can or cannot do these jobs.



- Let your child choose the responsibilities that he/she can do, then write a sentence to describe his/her job like : "I can wash my plate - I can tidy my room".
- Help your child to write sentences that describe some jobs he/she cannot do like : "I cannot wash clothes - I cannot go to the market alone".
- Integration of subjects : Economics and applied sciences (getting help from family members) - English (writing sentences)
- Life skills : Verbal communication - Self-expression.

1. Problems And Solutions

Activity 1 In each paragraph, underline the **problem** using a red pen and underline its **solution** using a blue pen.

My name is Adam. Every day I wake up early at 7 o'clock at morning. But, sometimes I wake up late. My father told me to use an alarm clock to help me wake up early.



My mother noticed that I waste a lot of time in watching TV and playing video games. So, she made me a schedule to organize my time.



My teacher noticed that my hand writing is not good. She advised me to spend more time in practicing writing at home.



- Help your child to read the paragraphs.
- Help your child to recognize the problem and its solution in each paragraph
- Discuss with your child his/her opinion about each solution.
- **Integration of subjects** : English (reading) – Economics and applied sciences (problems and solutions).
- **Life skills** : Verbal communication – Analyze the parts of the problem.

Activity 2 Write a solution to each of the following problems and write the name of your family member(s) who can help you to solve it.

Problem

Solution

Who can help you ?



I have some troubles with my homework.



My T-shirt is not clean.



My wall clock stopped working.

- Let your child write a simple sentence to describe a solution he/she suggested for each problem, and which family member(s) can help him/her to solve it.
- Let your child suggest some other problems and let your child think how he/she can solve them.
- Integration of subjects : English (writing sentences) – Economics and applied sciences (problems and solutions).
- Life skills : Analyze the parts of the problem – Verbal communication.

2. I Can Cooperate At School

Activity 1 Match each sentence with the suitable picture.

Examples of cooperation ...

Helping my classmate.

Sharing ideas with my classmate.

Listening to my classmate.

Encouraging my classmate.



- Discuss with your child the importance of cooperation with his/her classmates.
- Help your child to know other examples of cooperation.
- Integration of subjects : Vocational fields (cooperation at school and home) – English (reading sentences).
- Life skills : Good listening – Self-expression.

Activity 2 Complete the sentence below each picture using the following statements.

share materials

act a play

play football

read a story



We together
politely.



We with each other.



We together
respectfully.



We together.

- Let your child write each statement below the right picture.
- Let your child mention other activities that he/she cooperates with his/her classmates to do them.
- Integration of subjects : Vocational fields (cooperation at school and home) – English (writing).
- Life skills : Effective management and organization of tasks – Respect for other opinions.

I Have Learned That

I have some responsibilities in my family such as :



I can tidy my room.



I can wash dishes.

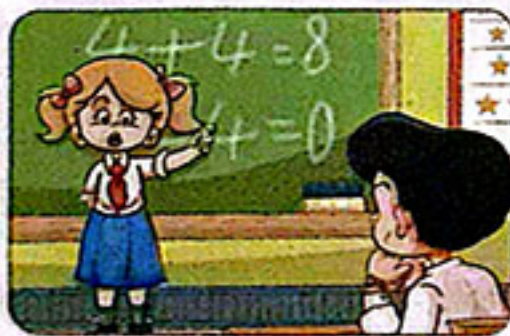
Examples of cooperation



Helping others.



Sharing ideas with others.



Listening to others.



Encouraging others.

Good Citizenship

Activity 1 Match each sentence with suitable picture.

play
& learn

Respectful

As using polite words, listening to others and helping them.



Fair

As treating others the way you want to be treated and following the same rules.



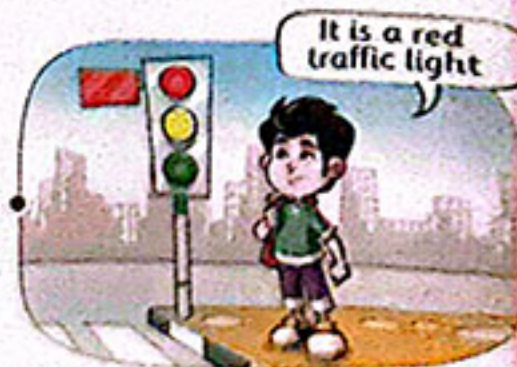
Honest

As telling the truth all the time.



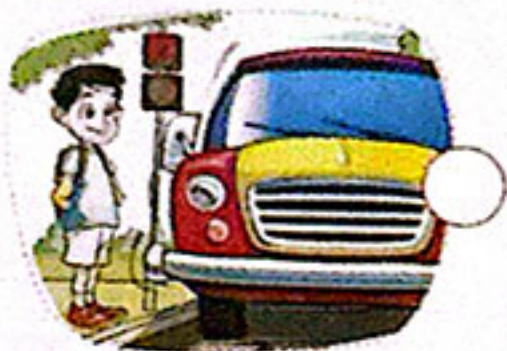
Loyal

As doing what you say and following through on your promises.



- Help your child to notice that he/she should be respectful, fair, honest and loyal to be a good citizen.
- Integration of subjects : English (reading sentences) – Social studies (good citizen).
- Life skills : Respect for other opinions – Empathy in communicating with others.

Activity 2 Put ✓ beside the respectful behaviour and ✗ beside the disrespectful behaviour.



Follow the traffic lights



Beat my friend



Always say "Please" and "Thank you"



Wait for my turn



Throw garbage in the street



Help old people

• Write your name to complete the sentence, then read it :
 _____ is a good citizen.

- Discuss with your child other examples that show how to be respectful and a good citizen.
- Scan the QR code and let your child play the game that shows how to be a good citizen.
- Integration of subjects : Social studies (good citizen) – English (reading sentences) – Economics and applied sciences (positive attitudes).
- Life skills : Solicit and respect multiple and diverse perspectives to broaden and deepen understanding – Empathy in communicating with others.

1. Daily Routine

Activity Order the following pictures to show your daily routine by writing numbers in the circles.



Brush my teeth



Eat my lunch



Do my homework



Wake up early



Eat my dinner



Eat my breakfast



Choose what to play



Go to school

- Discuss with your child his/her daily routine and what activities he/she can add to the above daily routine.
- Integration of subjects : Math (writing numbers) – Social studies (daily routine) – English (reading sentences).
- Life skills : Observation – Self-expression.

2. Time To Try Something New

Activity 1 Put ✓ at the suitable category for each activity.

Activities



Eating breakfast



Watching television



Playing with my toys



Studying my lessons



Tidying my room

**Must do
(priority)**

**Want to do
(not a priority)**



- Let your child classify his/her activities into must do (priority) or want to do (not a priority).
- Discuss with your child some other of his/her priorities and let him/her decide how much time he/she spends doing each.
- **Integration of subjects :** English (reading sentences) – Social studies (must do and want to do).
- **Life skills :** Setting clear goals – Self-expression – Verbal communication.

Activity 2 Help the following people to manage their time by choosing the activity they can do according to their priorities.
(You can choose more than one activity).

1



I have 30 minutes, so I can



Spend 30 minutes playing football.



Spend 15 minutes studying.



Spend 15 minutes eating.

2



I have 40 minutes, so I can



Spend 20 minutes drawing pictures.



Spend 20 minutes eating.



Spend 30 minutes watching TV.

- Help your child to manage his/her time by choosing his/her priorities first, then doing what he/she wants to do.
- Integration of subjects : English (reading sentences) – Math (using numbers) – Social studies (priorities).
- Life skills : Collecting data – Setting clear goals.

Activity 1 Read and learn.

Conflict

It means the problem we face is between us and another person.

I want to play football.



I want to play with doll.

Conflict resolution

It means finding a way to solve the conflict.



We can compromise and play football for 10 minutes, then play with doll for 10 minutes.

Strategies for peace :

They are the ways we use to find a solution for the conflict.

Such as :

- Compromise : Which means that each person gets some of what they want in order to find a solution.
- Apologize.
- Say stop.
- Sharing ideas about solutions.
- Ask for help.
- Talk it out.

- Help your child to know the meaning of "Conflict", "Conflict resolution" and "Strategies for peace".
- Integration of subjects : English (reading sentences) – Social studies (strategies for peace).
- Life skills : Analyze the parts of the problem – Demonstrating empathy in communicating with others.

Activity 2 Choose the suitable strategy for peace in each situation.

Hany needs a help from his friend.

Hany can

(ask for help – compromise – apologize)



Rashed broke his friend's toy.

Rashed could

(go to another activity – apologize – say stop it)



Mazen's friend says bad words.

Mazen can say

(stop it – I am sorry – we can compromise)



Ramy and his friend are drawing pictures using the same crayons. Ramy and his friend need the same crayon, they can

(stop coloring – compromise – apologize)



- Help your child to think about different situations and their strategies for peace.
- Integration of subjects : English (reading sentences) – Social studies (strategies for peace).
- Life skills : Analyzing the parts of the problem – Collecting data.

I Have Learned That

To be a good citizen, I must



Follow the traffic lights.



Help old people.



Throw garbage in the garbage bin.



Wait my turn.

Strategies for peace are





Quiz

On Chapter One

1 Put (✓) or (✗) :

1. I have some responsibilities in my family. ()
2. Ignoring my classmate is an example of cooperation at school. ()
3. Apologizing is from strategies for peace. ()
4. Good citizen should not be respectful. ()

2 Choose from column (B) what suits it in column (A) :

(A)	(B)
1. We should classify our activities into priorities and not priorities to	a. a way to be respectful.
2. Ramy has troubles in his homework	b. manage our time.
3. Using polite words is	c. he can ask for help from his mother.

1.

2.

3.

3 Complete the following sentences using the words below :

(sharing - honest)

1. To be, you should tell the truth all the time.
2. At school, we can cooperate with our classmates by materials together politely.

4 Choose the correct answer :

1. means the problem we face between us and another person.
a. Conflict b. Responsibility c. Solution
2. Priority is an activity that I do.
a. want to b. must c. don't have time to

5 Help Rana to manage her time by choosing the activity she can do :

I have 20 minutes, so I can



a. Spend 25 minutes playing with toys.



b. Spend 20 minutes studying.



c. Spend 30 minutes watching T.V.

CHAPTER TWO

Taking Care of Me



Learning outcomes

By the end of this chapter, your child will be able to :

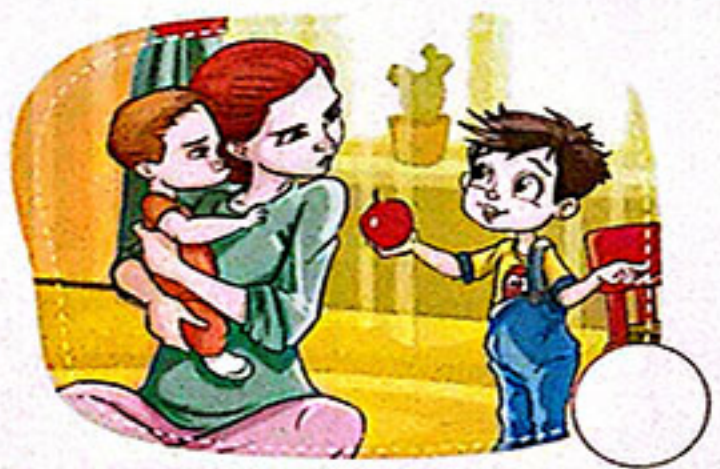
- Explain basic changes of human growth and development.
- Explain how external body parts help us meet basic needs.
- Identify external animal body parts and match to their functions.
- Analyze the importance of various body parts.
- Identify major food groups.
- Describe how a diverse diet contributes to health.
- Apply understanding of food groups to composing nutritious meals.
- Describe how making choices affects self, family, school and community.
- Categorize safe habits to maintain health.
- Use mathematics to solve word problems.
- Communicate advice through images and words.

Key vocabulary

- | | | |
|-----------------|---------------|--------------|
| • Living things | • Life cycle | • Grow |
| • Needs | • Food groups | • Expiration |
| • Category | • Function | |

1. Growing family

Activity Put ✓ on the correct pictures that describe the right acts towards babies.

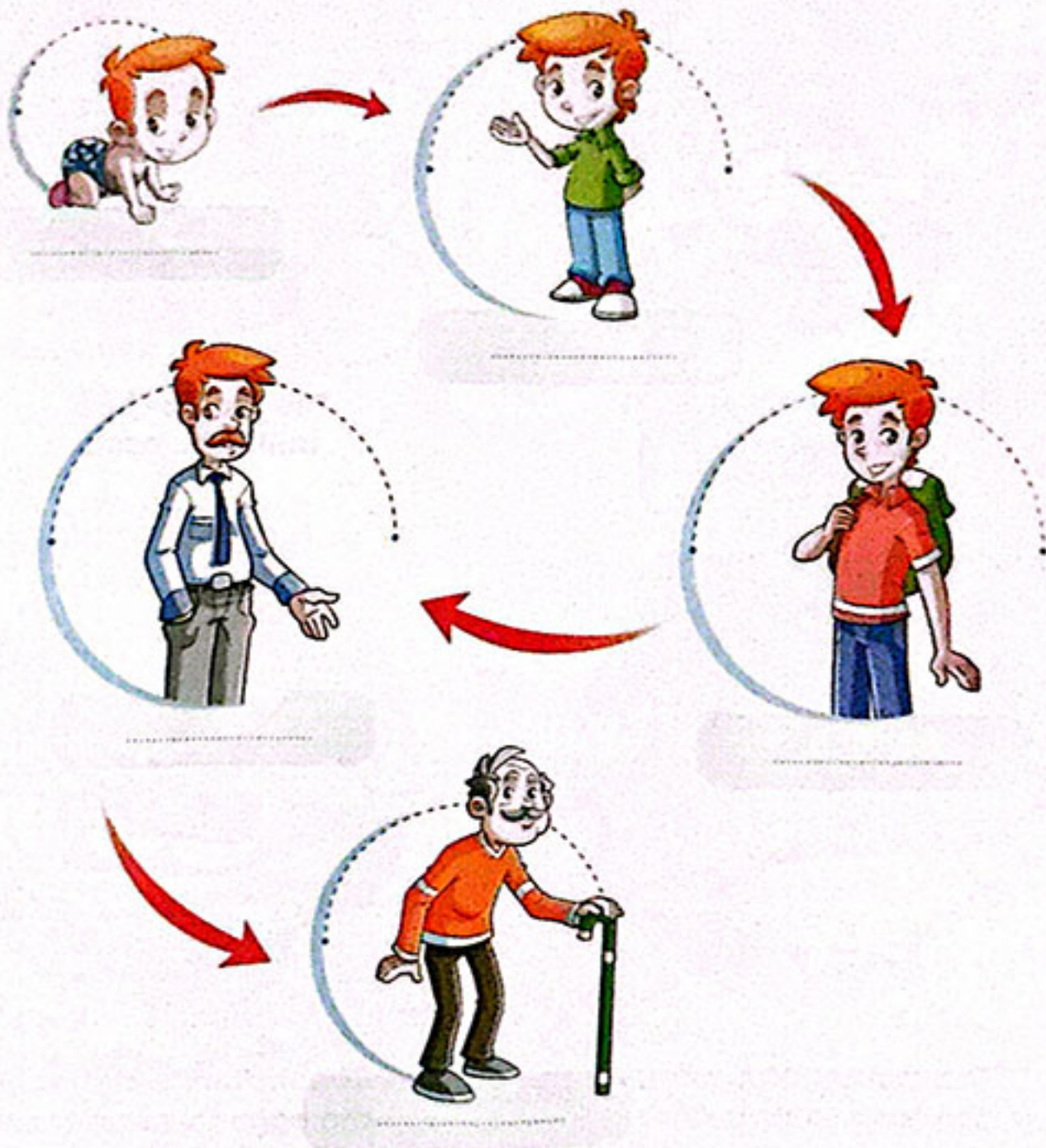


- Help your child to know the right and wrong acts towards babies to keep them safe and healthy.
- Integration of subjects : Science (identifying the healthy food for babies) –
Social studies (know the right behaviors towards babies to keep them safe).
- Life skills : Define relationships between different objects – Respect for other opinions.

2. The Baby's Life Cycle

Activity Put each of the following words below the suitable photo to show the stages of the human life cycle.

(Elder - Child - Baby - Adult - Teenager)



- Discuss the stages of human life cycle with your child.
- Help your child to read and write the stages of human life cycle.
- **Integration of subjects :** Science (stages of human life cycle) – English (reading and writing).
- **Life skills :** Define relationships between different objects – Good listening – Verbal communication.

1. Baby Birds

Activity Order the following pictures to make a short story.



The baby birds are out of the eggs.



The mother bird builds its nest.



The mother bird brings the food to its babies.



The mother bird sits on the eggs to warm them.

- Discuss with your child what birds do to take care of their babies.
- Help your child to read the sentences.
- **Integration of subjects** : Science (know the behaviors of birds towards their babies) – English (reading sentences).
- **Life skills** : Organize parts to form a new or unique whole – Define relationships between different objects.

2. A Bird's Life Cycle

Activity Match each picture with the suitable sentence to describe the bird's life cycle, then draw the missing picture.

1

The eggs are in the nest.



2

Baby bird breaks the eggs.



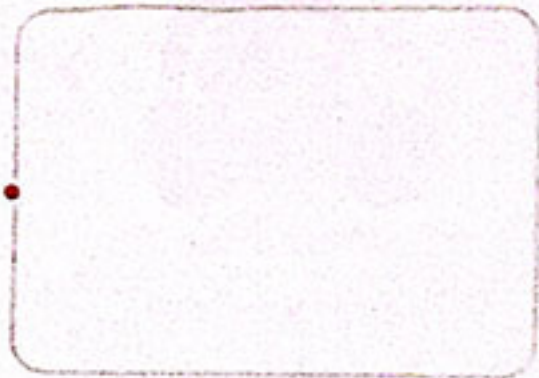
3

Baby bird grows up.



4

Baby bird can fly and leave the nest.



- Discuss the stages of the bird's life cycle with your child.
- Help your child to read the sentences and connect them to the suitable pictures.
- Integration of subjects : Science (stages of the bird's life cycle) – English (reading sentences) – Art (drawing).
- Life skills : Respect for other opinions – Good listening – Organize parts to form a new or unique whole.

1. Feeding Baby Birds

Activity Choose the right picture to answer the following questions, then complete the sentences.



1. What do birds feed their babies ?



worms



elephant



lion

- The mother bird catches to feed its babies.

2. How do birds carry food and feed their babies ?



on its back



in its wing



in its beak

- The mother bird brings food to feed its babies

3. How do birds reach food ?



drives a car



flies in the air



rides a bicycle

- The mother bird to reach food for its babies.

- Help your child to read and complete the sentences.
- Discuss with your child how birds feed their babies.
- Integration of subjects : Science (know how birds feed their babies) – English (reading and writing)
- Life skills : Observation – Setting clear goals – Collecting data.

2. The Bird's Body

Activity Color the following bird and label its body parts using the words between brackets.

(Legs - Eye - Beak - Claw - Wing)



- Help your child to write the body parts of the bird. (Legs - Eye - Beak - Claw - Wing)
- Integration of subjects : Science (know the body parts of birds) - English (writing words) - Art (coloring)
- Life skills : Observation - Verbal communication - Setting clear goals.

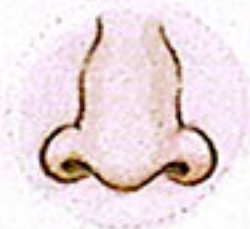
3. I Can Eat

Activity Choose the right answer, then write it in the sentence.

1. I use my to hold food.



hand



nose



ear

2. I use my to see food.



eyes



tongue



arm

3. I use my to chew food.



ear



teeth



eyes

4. I use my to taste food.



hand



tongue



nose



I Have Learned That

A bird's life cycle



The eggs are in the nest.



Baby bird breaks the eggs.



Baby bird grows up.



Baby bird can fly and leave the nest.

Feeding baby birds



The mother bird catches worms to feed its babies.



The mother bird brings food to feed its babies in its beak.



The mother bird flies in the air to get the food for its babies.

• The bird's body.



1. Food Groups

Activity Put ✓ on the food items that come from plants or those that come from animals.



Food comes from plant

Food comes from animals



Tomato



Egg



Milk



Banana



Nuts



Meat

- Discuss with your child the plant food sources and the animal food sources.
- Discuss with your child other different food types and their sources as either plant or animal.
- Integration of subjects : Science (know food groups) – English (writing and reading)
- Life skills : Define relationships between different objects – Collecting data.

2. How Healthy Foods Help Us

Activity 1 Read the following dialogue, then answer the questions below.

Teacher : Today we will learn about the benefits of different types of food.

All : How is that ?

Teacher : Dairy products like milk, cheese and yogurt help us to make our bones and our teeth strong.

Mona : Wow, I like all dairy products.

Teacher : Fruits and vegetables help us to stay healthy.

Maha : My mother says that meat, fish and egg help us to build our muscles.

Teacher : That is right Maha.

Sara : Are there other types of food ?

Teacher : Of course, bread, rice and cereals such as wheat give us energy for playing and moving to do different activities.



Complete :

1. Cereals , and are from the food group which give us energy for moving.
2. Dairy products include some types of food such as , and

Answer the following questions :

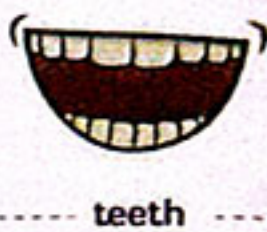
1. What are the types of food that build up our muscles ?
.....
2. What are the benefits of dairy products ?
.....

- Help your child to read the dialogue and answer the questions below.
- **Integration of subjects :** Science (benefits of food) – English (reading and writing).
- **Life skills :** Verbal communication – Good listening – Setting clear goals.

Activity 2 Choose one or more benefit(s) of each food group, then complete using the words below the pictures you have chosen.



• Milk, yogurt and cheese help make our and strong.



• Meat, fish and egg help build our



• Fruits and vegetables help us and



• Bread, cereals and rice give us energy for and

- Discuss the benefits of each food group with your child.
- Help your child read the sentences and complete them.
- Integration of subjects : Science (benefits of food groups) – English (writing and reading).
- Life skills : Verbal communication – Exchanging information – Good listening.

I Have Learned That

- ★ Dairy products like milk, cheese and yogurt help make our bones and teeth strong.



- ★ Fruits and vegetables help us stay healthy and get rid of waste.



- ★ Meat, fish and egg help build our muscles.



- ★ Bread, rice and cereals such as wheat give us energy for playing and moving to do different activities.



Making Choices

Activity 1 Put ✓ on the right choice, then complete the sentences below using the following words. (You can use the same word more than one time).

(family - school - community - health)



My choice affects my.....



My choice affects my



My choice affects my.....



My choice affects my



My choice affects my.....



My choice affects my.....

- Discuss with your child how his/her choices affect his/her school, family, community and his/her health.
- Integration of subjects : Social studies (effect of choices) – English (writing and reading).
- Life skills : Respect for other opinions – Self-control – Setting clear goals.

Activity 2 Solve the following problems.

1 If you have free time to practice different activities as follows :



Activity	Time taken
Drawing	45 minutes
Music	15 minutes
Cooking	30 minutes
Running	10 minutes

a. How much free time do you need for drawing, cooking and running ?

.....

b. You have free time for 45 minutes. You decide to cook and run, do you have time left to do anything else ? If so, how much time is left ?

.....

.....

- Help your child to solve word problems using mathematical methods.
- **Integration of subjects** : Math (solving mathematical problems) – English (reading and writing).
- **Life skills** : Analyze the parts of the problem – Segment goals into specific steps.

Cleaning Vegetables

Activity Put ✓ or ✗.

1. Vegetables can be eaten without washing.



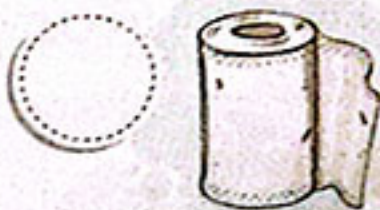
2. Vegetables can be eaten with pests.



3. I can drink juice which expired in 2017.



4. I can use the paper towel to clean very dirty vegetables.



5. I can eat this piece of cheese.



- Discuss with your child how to identify the good food and how to know the expiration dates of food.
- Help your child to know how to clean foods.
- Integration of subjects : Science (clean food) – English (reading) – Science (cleaning hands and food).
- Life skills : Good listening – Provide effective feedback – Self-expression.

I Have Learned That

Our choices affect all the following :



The school



The community



The family



The health

Healthy food :



- We should wash vegetables before eating them.



- We must not eat the food which has expired or has pests.



Quiz

On Chapter Two

1 Choose the correct answer :

1. When I eat healthy food, my choice affects my
a. school. b. health. c. community.
2. The mother bird uses its to feed its babies.
a. beak b. wings c. eyes
3. The stage is the first stage in the human's life cycle.
a. teenager b. child c. baby
4. Bread, cereals and rice give us to do activities.
a. energy b. money c. time

2 Put (✓) or (✗) :

1. We should make noise while sleeping of babies. ()
2. Eating expired food doesn't affect your health. ()
3. Fruits and vegetables help us to stay healthy and get rid of waste. ()

3 Rearrange the stage of human's life cycle by writing the correct number of each picture :



Child

(.....)



Elder

(.....)



Baby

(.....)



Teenager

(.....)



Adult

(.....)

4 Complete the following sentences using the words below :

(teeth – tongue – food)

1. I use my to taste food.
2. Dairy products help make our bones and strong.
3. Humans and birds need

5 Choose from column (B) what suits it in column (A) :

(A)	(B)
1. Meat, fish and egg	a. is the first stage in bird's life cycle.
2. Bird in an egg	b. help us to build our muscles.
3. Expired food	c. should not be eaten.

1.

2.

3.

CHAPTER THREE

When I Grow Up



Learning outcomes

By the end of this chapter, your child will be able to :

- Identify and sort various jobs.
- Complete a personal interest survey.
- Identify tasks involved in various jobs.
- Discover math, reading, writing, science and social studies in job scenarios.
- Write to explain a job in the local community.
- Describe tools used in a variety of jobs.
- Predict conversations in different job-related scenarios.
- Ask and answer questions about a specific job.

Key vocabulary

- | | | |
|--------------|----------------|--------------|
| • Profession | • Agricultural | • Industrial |
| • Commercial | • Tourism | • Tools |
| • Tasks | • Interest | • Categorize |
| • Survey | • Topics | • STEM |

1. Categorizing Jobs

Activity 1 Put ✓ on the pictures that belong to each job category as the example given.

Medical jobs



Commercial jobs



Agricultural jobs



- Notice that some categories may include more than one job.
- **Integration of subjects** : Social studies (categorizing jobs) – English (reading some words)
- **Life skills** : Define relationships between different objects – Verbal communication.

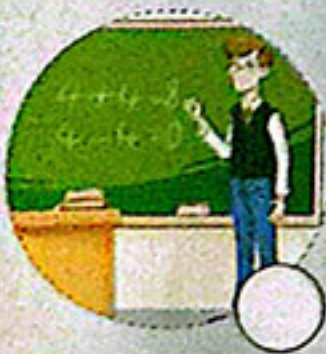
★ Industrial jobs



★ STEM jobs (Science, Technology, Engineering and Math)



★ Tourism jobs



- Let your child mention more jobs and categorize them.
- Tell your child that STEM jobs may include engineers, scientists, biologists and computer programmers.

Activity 2 Put each of the following profession categories below the suitable picture of the jobs.

(Agricultural - Industrial - Commercial - Tourism - Other)



• Notice that some categories may be repeated more than once.

• Let your child mention more jobs and categorize them.

• **Integration of subjects** : Social studies (categorizing jobs) - English (writing some words).

• **Life skills** : Define relationships between different objects - Verbal communication.

2. Personal Interest Survey

Activity Put ✓ at the pictures of the activities you prefer, then count how many ✓ marks are in each category and write this number.

Agricultural jobs



Taking care of pets



Taking care of garden



Watching wildlife

Industrial jobs



Fixing things



Sewing or knitting



Building things

- Notice that this survey could help your child to know his/her future profession category, for example if he/she has the most (✓) marks in tourism jobs, then he/she prefers the tourism category.
- Integration of subjects : Vocational fields (jobs) – English (reading) – Math (counting and writing numbers).
- Life skills : Define relationships between different objects – Self-expression.

Commercial jobs



Selling things



Giving people advice
on what to buy



Using a cash
register

Tourism jobs



Planning events



Cooking, baking and
serving meals



Helping tourists

STEM jobs



Designing
experiments



Finding solutions to
problems



Learning about
computers

• Tell your child that STEM jobs may include engineers, scientists, biologists and computer programmers.

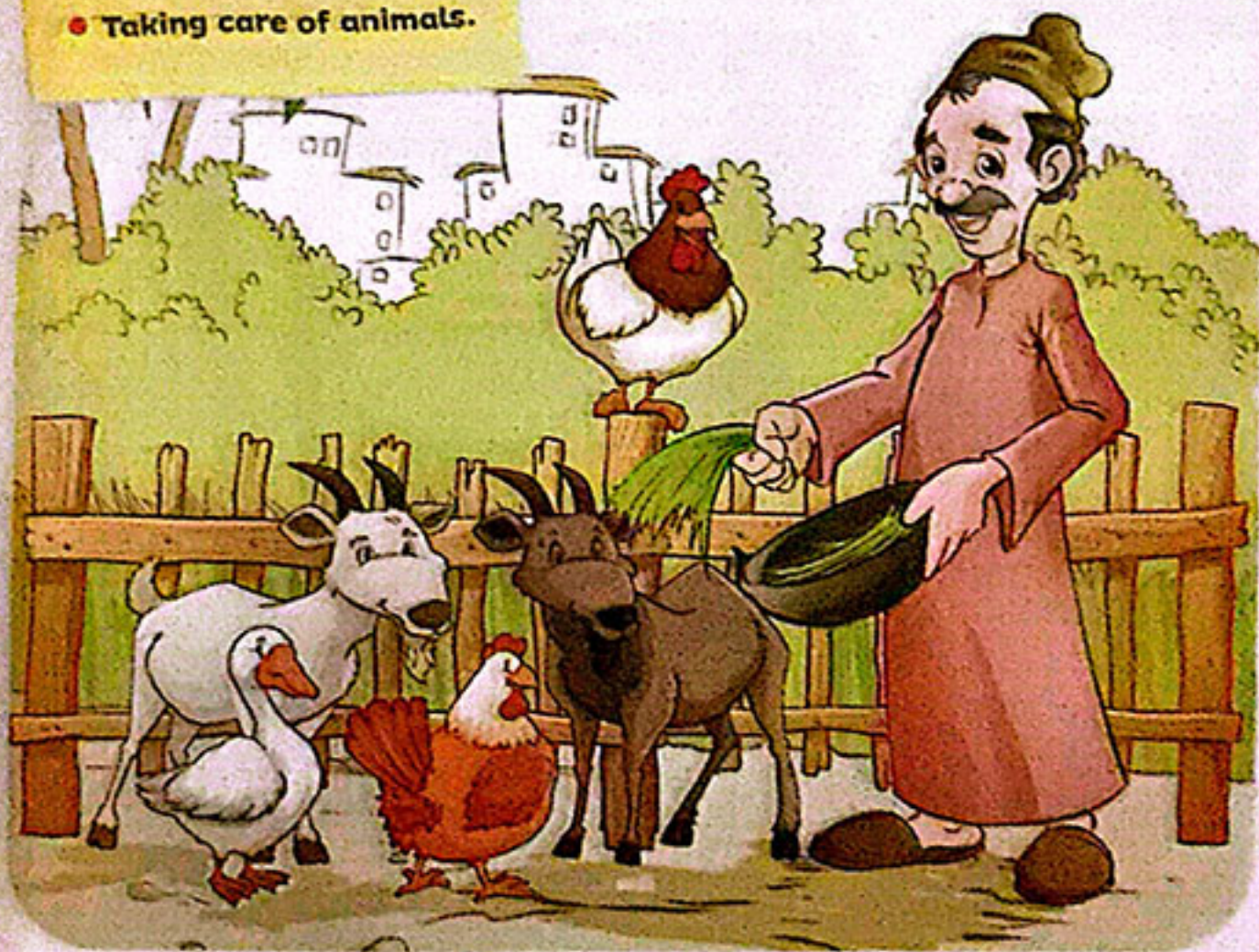
1. Agricultural Jobs

Activity Circle the suitable **tasks** and **tools** for the worker (represents agricultural jobs) in the picture.

Tasks

- Fixing things.
- Planting seeds.
- Designing experiments.
- Taking care of animals.

Tools



- Discuss with your child other tasks and tools related to agriculture category.
- **Integration of subjects :** Vocational fields (describe the functions of tools) – Social studies (economic activities) – English (reading).
- **Life skills :** Define relationships between different objects – Solicit and respect multiple and diverse perspectives to broaden and deepen understanding.

2. Industrial Jobs

Activity Circle the suitable **tasks** and **tools** for the worker (represents industrial jobs) in the picture.

Tasks

- Helping tourists.
- Taking care of pets.
- Designing building.
- Fixing things.

Tools



- Discuss with your child other tasks and tools related to industrial category.
- **Integration of subjects** : Vocational fields (describe the functions of tools) – Social studies (economic activities) – English (reading).
- **Life skills** : Define relationships between different objects – Solicit and respect multiple and diverse perspectives to broaden and deepen understanding.

3. Commerical Jobs

Activity Circle the suitable **tasks** and **tools** for the worker (represents commerical jobs) in the picture.

Tasks

- Helping people to save their money.
- Planning a trip.
- Serving meals.
- Giving people advice on what to buy.

Tools



- Discuss with your child other tasks and tools related to commercial category.
- **Integration of subjects** : Vocational fields (describe the functions of tools) – Social studies (economic activities) – English (reading).
- **Life skills** : Define relationships between different objects – Solicit and respect multiple and diverse perspectives to broaden and deepen understanding.

4. Tourism Jobs

Activity Circle the suitable **tasks** and **tools** for the worker (represents tourism jobs) in the picture.

Tasks

- Planning events.
- Building things.
- Helping tourists.
- Sewing.

Tools



- Discuss with your child other tasks and tools related to tourism category.
- **Integration of subjects** : Vocational fields (describe the functions of tools) – Social studies (economic activities) – English (reading)
- **Life skills** : Define relationships between different objects – Solicit and respect multiple and diverse perspectives to broaden and deepen understanding

5. STEM Jobs

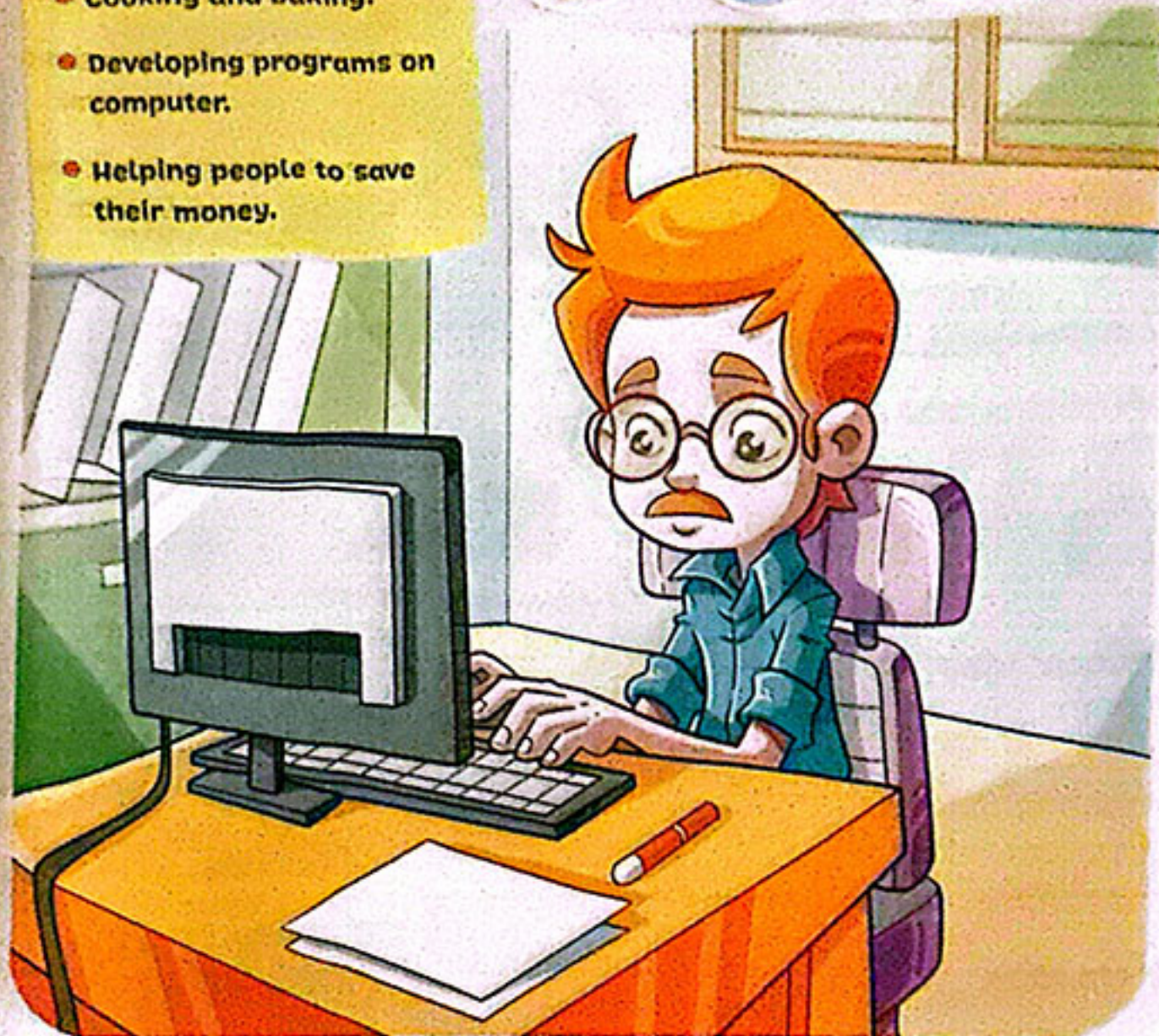
Activity Circle the suitable **tasks** and **tools** for the worker (represents STEM jobs) in the picture.



Tasks

- Knitting.
- Cooking and baking.
- Developing programs on computer.
- Helping people to save their money.

Tools



- Discuss with your child other tasks and tools related to STEM category
- **Integration of subjects** : Vocational fields (describe the functions of tools) – Social studies (economic activities) – English (reading).
- **Life skills** : Define relationships between different objects – Solicit and respect multiple and diverse perspectives to broaden and deepen understanding.

I Have Learned That

There are different categories of jobs that have different tasks and tools such as:

Agricultural jobs

- Planting seeds.
- Taking care of animals.



Industrial jobs

- Designing building.
- Fixing things.



Commerical jobs

- Helping people to save their money.
- Giving people advice on what to buy.



Tourism jobs

- Planning events.
- Helping tourists.



Stem jobs

- Developing programs on computer.



1. I Work In

Activity 1 Circle one topic or more that each of the following workers may need in their jobs.



I am a doctor and I work in a hospital.

• Art • Science • Math



I am a banker and I work in a bank.

• Social studies
• Writing • Math



I am a computer programmer and I work in a computer company.

• Social studies
• Technology • Writing



I am a salesperson and I work in a clothes shop.

• Science • Reading • Math

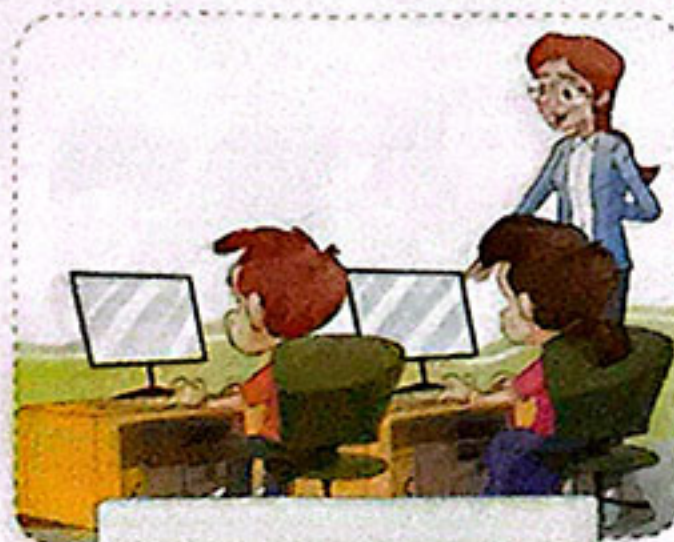
- Discuss with your child the importance of learning in schools and its effect when we grow up and begin to work.
- **Integration of subjects** : English (reading) – Vocational fields (school can help in professions)
- **Life skills** : Verbal communication – Respect for other opinions.

Activity 2 Write each of the following subjects below the suitable picture.

Topics (Math - Science - Technology - Art)









- Discuss with your child the reasons of choosing his/her favorite subject(s).
- Integration of subjects : English (writing and reading) – Art (coloring)
- Life skills : Self-expression – Respect for other opinions.

2. Job Research

Activity Complete the following information about each worker as shown in the example given (choose only one of the tools for each worker).

Tools



Saw



Cash register



Map



Poleaxe



Job : Farmer.

Category : Agricultural.

Tool : Poleaxe.

Interesting fact : Farmer wakes up early to water his plants.



Job :

Category :

Tool :

Interesting fact :



Job :

Category :

Tool :

Interesting fact :



Job :

Category :

Tool :

Interesting fact :

- Help your child to know more information about different jobs by using different ways of knowledge like books, computer, ... etc.
- **Integration of subjects :** Vocational fields (jobs) – English (writing) – Social studies (economic activities).
- **Life skills :** Verbal communication – Respect for diversity

I Have Learned That

Knowing our interests may help in choosing a suitable job when we grow up

Interested in ...

- Computers and technology.



Suitable Job ...

Computer programmer

- Cooking and food.



Chef

- Plants and agriculture.



Gardener

- Giving people advice on what to buy and help to save money.



Salesperson

- Learning languages.



Tour guide

- Colors and draw.



Painter



Quiz

On Chapter Three

1 Choose the correct answer :

1. Mona makes delicious dishes. Mona could be a
in the future.
a. teacher b. chef c. gardener
2. The poleaxe is used by in his work.
a. farmer b. doctor c. banker
3. The salesperson job belongs to job category.
a. medical b. commercial c. industrial

2 Match each job to its job category :

Jobs	Categories
1. Tour guide.	a. Medical.
2. Construction worker.	b. Tourism.
3. Dentist.	c. STEM.
4. Computer programmer.	d. Industrial.

1.

2.

3.

4.

3 Put (✓) or (✗) :

1. If Ramy is interested in math, he could be a painter. ()
2. Samy is good at planning events, his future job category could be tourism. ()
3. Cooking is from tasks of computer programmer. ()

4 Complete the following sentences using the words below :

(commercial – doctor)

1. Cash register is a tool used in jobs.
2. "Let me examine your eyes". This sentence might be said by a

5 Match each person with the suitable tool :

1.



Doctor

a



2.



Farmer

b



3.



Tour guide

c





Quiz

On Theme 1

1 Choose the correct answer :

- my classmate is an example of cooperation.
a. Disrespecting b. Ignoring c. Helping
- Helping is a task of people who work in the tourism jobs.
a. tourists b. sick people c. animals
- Construction worker belongs to category.
a. industrial b. tourism c. medical

2 Choose from column (B) what suits it in column (A) :

(A)	(B)
1. Banana is a kind of food that	a. follow the rules.
2. Milk and yogurt	b. commercial category.
3. To be a good citizen, you should	c. comes from plants.
4. Banker job belongs to	d. make our bones and teeth strong.

1.

2.

3.

4.

3 You have 40 minutes of free time. You decide to read stories for 20 minutes.

How much free time do you have left ?

.....
.....

4 Put (✓) or (✗) :

1. If Samy is interested in cooking, he could be a doctor in the future. (
2. In my family, we all have responsibilities. (
3. Eating expired food makes us healthy. (

5 Complete the following sentences using the words below :

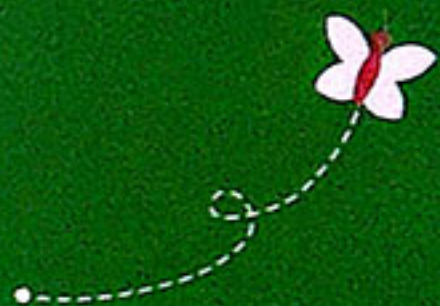
(computer – nests – hand – apologize)

1. Humans live in homes, while birds live in
2. We should when doing something wrong.
3. The computer programmer uses to do his job.
4. I use my to hold food.

THEME

2

World
Around Me



CHAPTER ONE

What Is In The Night Sky ?



Learning outcomes

By the end of this chapter, your child will be able to :

- Explain basic differences between the day and night skies.
- Explain that rise and set times change slightly every day.
- Practice mental subtraction strategies.
- Compare observable properties of the Sun and the stars.
- Explain that the Sun appears different than the other stars because it is closer to Earth.
- Demonstrate the objects appear smaller when they are farther away.

Key vocabulary

- | | | |
|----------------|-------------|----------------|
| • Day sky | • Night sky | • Observations |
| • Illustration | | |

Day Sky And Night Sky

Activity Circle the correct pictures of what you see in the sky during day and nighttime, then answer the questions.

during daytime, I can see.....



Sun



Stars



Moon



Clouds

during nighttime, I can see.....



Clouds



Moon



Sun



Stars

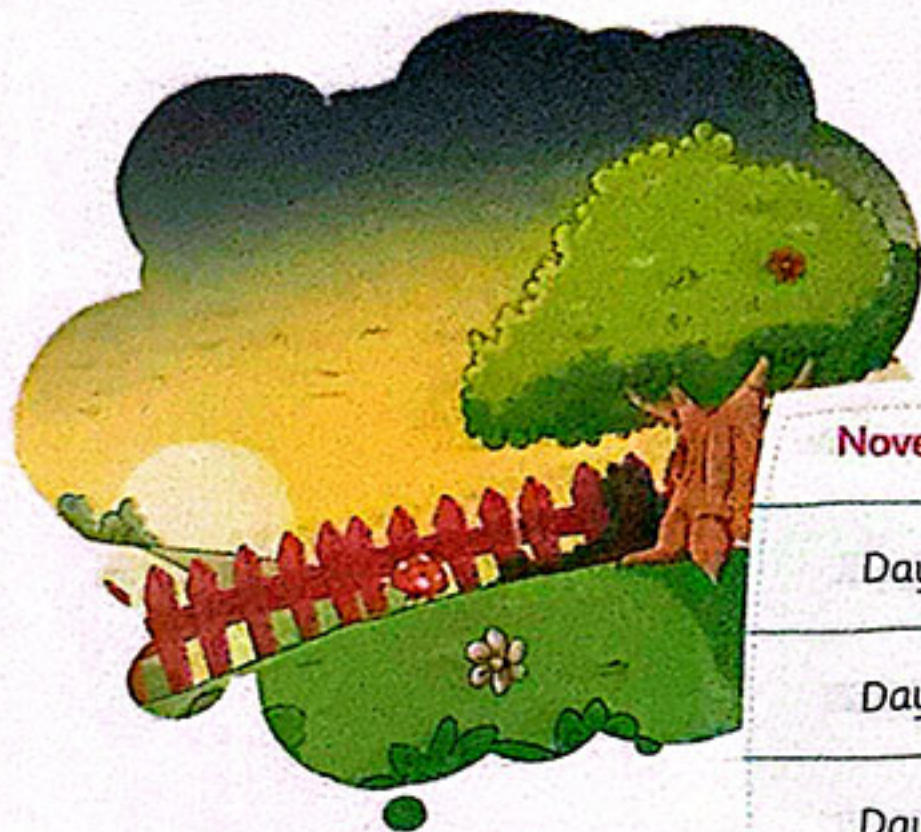
Choose :

- I use the sense of to observe the sky.
(sight – hearing – tasting)
- In both day sky and night sky, I can see
(moon – Sun – clouds)

- Let your child observe the differences between the sky during night and the sky during day.
- **Integration of subjects :** Science (observation the sky) – English (reading and writing).
- **Life skills :** Observation – Differentiation.

Observing A Pattern

Activity Observe the following pattern of the sunrise in Cairo in November, then answer the questions.



November	Time of sunrise
Day 1	6 : 09 a.m.
Day 2	6 : 10 a.m.
Day 3	6 : 11 a.m.
Day 4	6 : 12 a.m.
Day 5	6 : 13 a.m.

★ The difference in time of sunrise :

- between day (2) and day (1) = minutes.
- between day (5) and day (3) = minutes.
- between day (5) and day (1) = minutes.

- Let your child observe the pattern, then help him/her to calculate the difference in minutes of the time of sunrise.
- Describe to your child how the stars appear to rise and set each night in a pattern.
- Integration of subjects : Math (observing a pattern and calculating) - English (reading).
- Life skills : Collecting data - Verbal communication.

How Big Is Something Far Away?

Activity 1 Observe the following figures, then answer the questions.

Figure (1)



Figure (2)



Choose :

- The camel in figure (1) appears its real size.
(smaller than – bigger than – equal to)
- The camel in figure (2) appears its real size.
(smaller than – bigger than – equal to)
- An object looks small in size, when it is us.
(near to – far away from – bigger than)

- Tell your child that an object looks smaller than its real size when it is far away from us.
- **Integration of subjects :** Science (observe the real sizes of objects) – English (writing).
- **Life skills :** Differentiation between reality and imagination – Verbal communication.

Activity 2 Observe the following pictures, then answer the questions.



Choose :

The Sun appears to us other stars.

(bigger than – smaller than – equal to)

Put ✓ or ✗ :

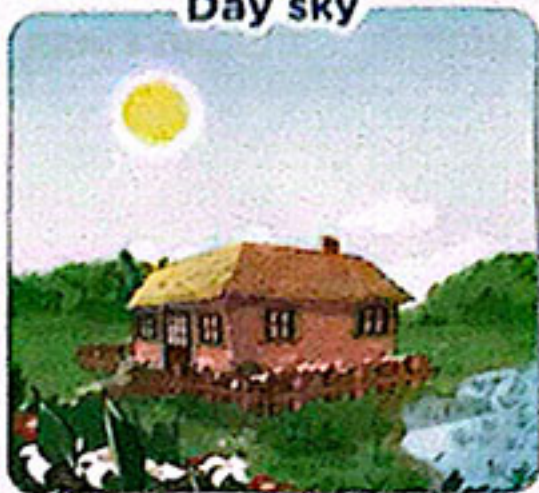
1. The Sun is closer to us than other stars. ()
2. Other stars appear to us smaller than the Sun because they are near to us. ()

- Help your child to know that our Sun is nearer to us than other stars, so it appears bigger than other stars.
- **Integration of subjects :** Science (Sun and stars) – English (reading and writing)
- **Life skills :** Observation – Verbal communication – Differentiation between reality and imagination

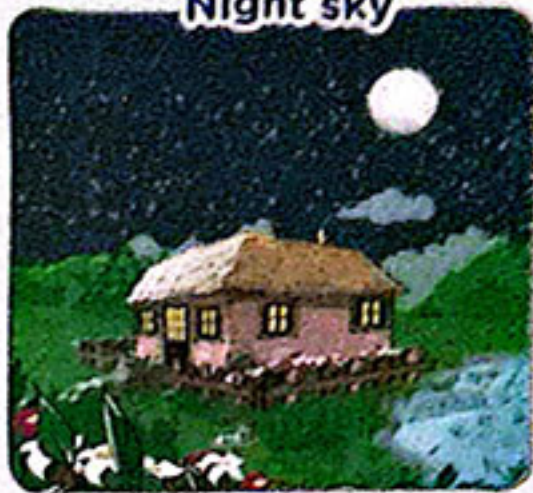
I Have Learned That

- Day sky and night sky are different, where :
 - in day sky, I can see the Sun and clouds.
 - in night sky, I can see the moon, stars and clouds

Day sky



Night sky

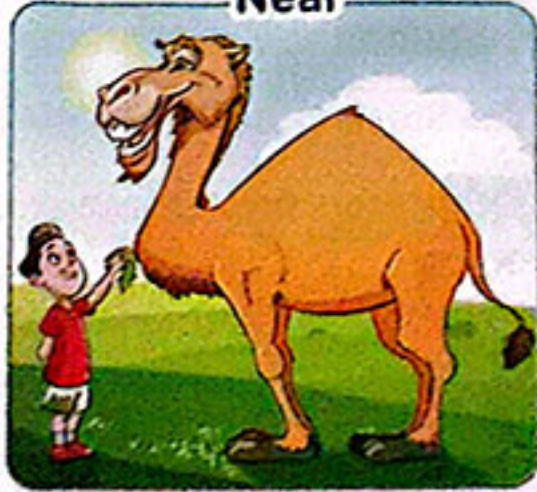


- The Sun is closer to us than other stars, so it appears bigger than other stars.
 - As the Sun is closer to us than other stars, it looks brighter than other stars.
-
- Objects look smaller than their real size, when they are far away from us.

Far



Near





Quiz

On Chapter One

1 Put (✓) or (✗) :

1. The stars look brighter than the Sun. ()
2. We can see the stars in the sky during nighttime. ()

2 Choose from column (B) what suits it in column (A) :

(A)	(B)
1. In both day sky and night sky	a. because the Sun is closer to us than stars.
2. The Sun looks to us bigger than stars	b. we can see clouds.

1.

2.

3 Choose the correct answer :

1. During daytime sky, I can see
a. the Sun. b. the moon. c. stars.
2. The Sun looks to us than the stars.
a. smaller b. dimmer c. brighter

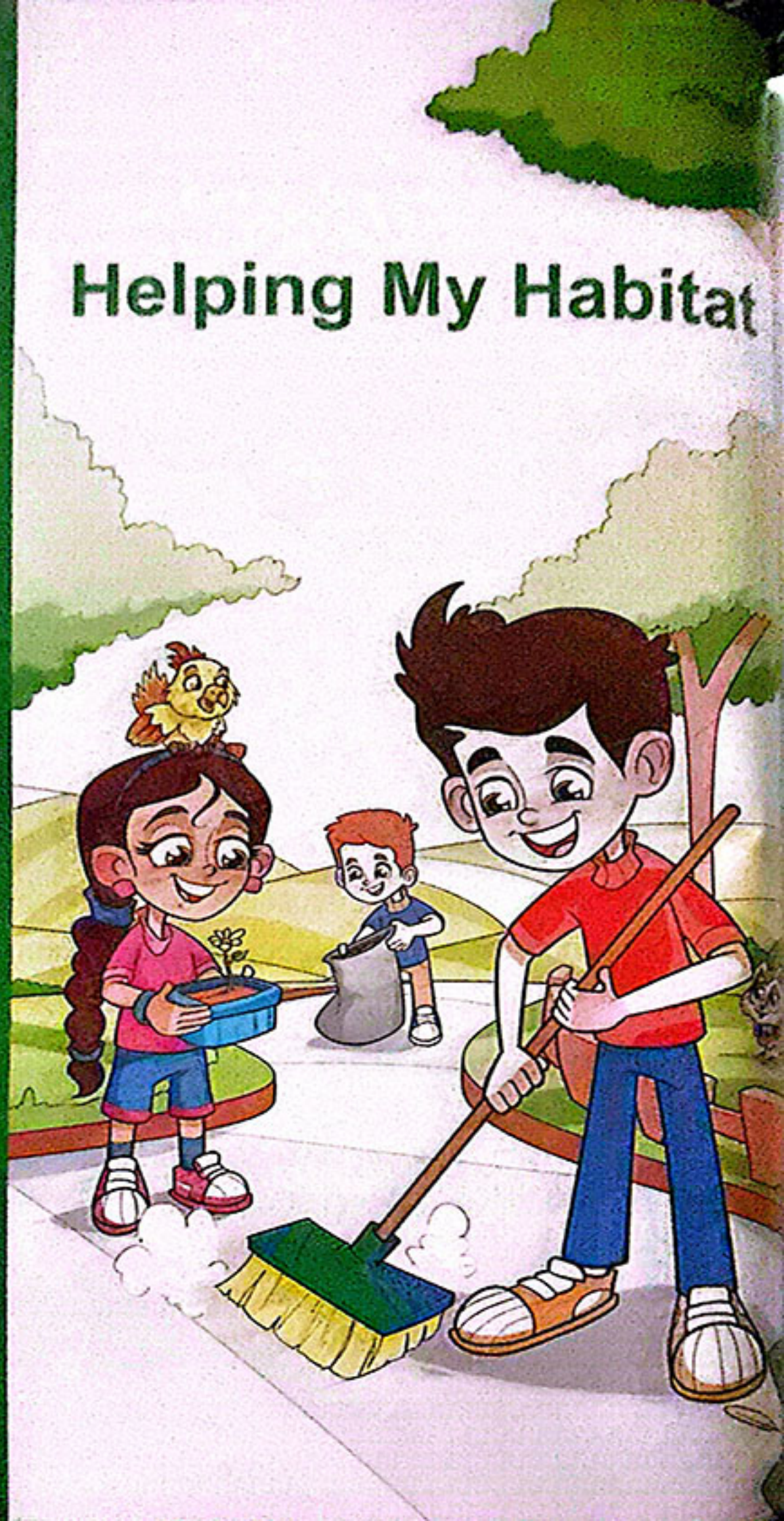
4 Observe the pattern of the rise of Orion, then choose the right answer :

1. With every night that passes, the rise time of stars is getting
a. later. b. earlier.
2. The difference in time of Orion's rise between day ② and day ③ = minutes.
a. 4 b. 7

Days	Orion's rise time
Day ①	8:36 p.m.
Day ②	8:32 p.m.
Day ③	8:28 p.m.
Day ④	8:24 p.m.
Day ⑤	8:20 p.m.

CHAPTER TWO

Helping My Habitat



Learning outcomes

By the end of this chapter, your child will be able to :

- Use observation skills to describe environments.
- Record observations of different habitats including similarities and differences.
- Describe some living things that live in different habitats.
- Explain impact on living organisms when environments change.
- Record information learned and the source of the information.
- Identify ways in which people can influence local environments.
- Analyze writing to identify persuasion.

Key vocabulary

- | | | |
|---------------|-----------|----------------|
| • Environment | • Habitat | • Dove |
| • Egret | • Goose | • Observations |

Our Egyptian Environments

Activity 1 Write each of the following words below the suitable picture.

City

Desert

Beach

Farmland



- Help your child to observe the pictures and write the suitable name of each picture.
- Discuss with your child the different types of Egyptian environments giving examples such as (Cairo, Alex., Sinai... etc.).
- Integration of subjects : Social studies (different types of environments) – English (reading and writing).
- Life skills : Observation – Differentiation between environments.

Activity 2 Sort the following objects into three groups (plants – animals – human-made objects) by writing each word in the correct place.



Cactus



Carpet



Camels



Palm trees



Snake



Tent



Fox

Desert environment

Plants

such as

.....

.....

Animals

such as

.....

.....

Human-made
objects

such as

.....

.....

- Help your child to sort what he/she sees in the desert environment.
- Help your child to classify different objects like those in the activity into plants, animals or human-made objects.
- **Integration of subjects :** English (reading and writing) – Social studies (environment)
- **Life skills :** Classification – Organize parts to form a new or unique whole.

Activity 3 Sort the following objects into three groups (plants - animals - human-made objects) by writing each word in the correct place.



Horse



Trees



Wheat



Chicken



Rabbit



Tractor



Axe



Donkey



Maize



Cow

Farmland environment

Plants

such as

.....

Animals

such as

.....

Human-made
objects

such as

.....

- Help your child to classify what he/she sees in the farmland environment into plants, animals or human-made objects.
- Let your child mention some other examples of what he/she can see in farmland.
- Integration of subjects : Social studies (environment) – English (reading and writing).
- Life skills : Classification – Organize parts to form a new or unique whole.

What Is In A Habitat ?

Activity 1

- Look at the following different habitats, then write the name of each habitat under each picture by using the following words.
- Circle the animals that live in each habitat.

(Desert – Farm – Ocean – Forest)



Duck



Polar bear



Whale



Lion



Camel



Horse



Dolphin



Gorilla



Penguin



Zebra



Camel

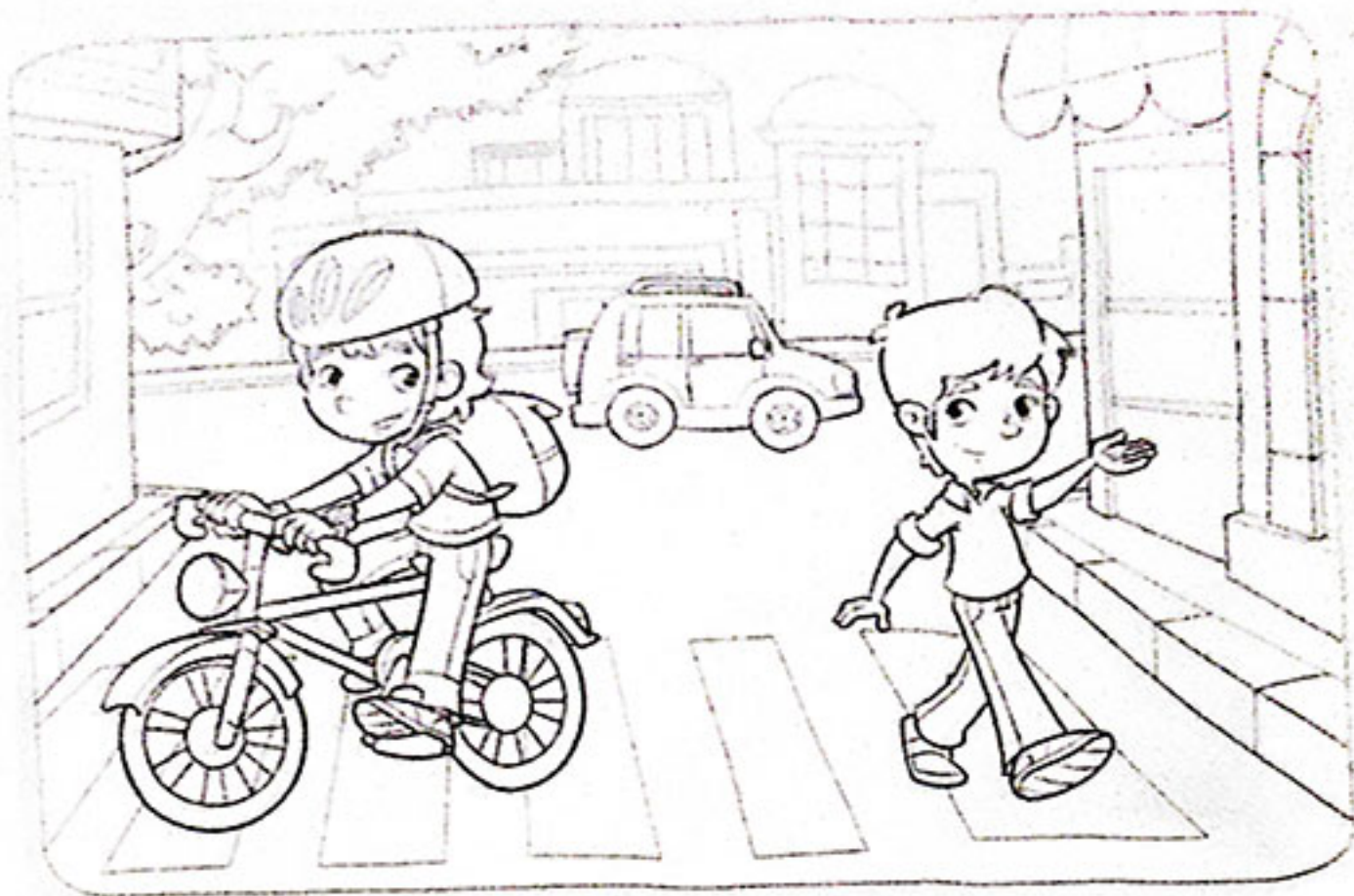


Tiger

- Discuss with your child the different types of habitats and the animals that live in each of them.
- Let your child mention some other animals that live in the previous habitats.
- **Integration of subjects** : Science (different habitats) – English (reading and writing)
- **Life skills** : Verbal communication – Define relationships between objects.

Activity 2 Color the picture of the city, then answer the questions.

Habitat is the natural environment of plants and animals.



Complete :



1. In the previous habitat, and are examples of human-made objects.
2. Habitats provide living things with , and to live.
3. Write a sentence using the word "habitat".

.....
.....

- Discuss the meaning of the habitat with your child (It is the natural environment of plants and animals)
- Discuss with your child the different types and importance of habitats.
(importance of habitat : It provides the organisms that live there with food, air, water and shelter)
- Let your child use the word "habitat" in a sentence of his/her own.
- **Integration of subjects :** Science (different habitats) – English (reading and writing) – Art (coloring)
- **Life skills :** Verbal communication – Defining relationships between objects.

Birds Of Egypt

Activity 1 Put ✓ at the habitat that each bird lives in
(Note : the bird may live in more than one habitat)



Desert



City



Mountain



Farmland



Goose



Hawk



Egret

(The farmer's friend)



Duck



Dove

- Discuss with your child some types of birds live in Egypt and their habitats (giving other examples).
- Integration of subjects : Science (birds and their habitats) – English (reading).
- Life skills : Verbal communication – Define relationships between objects.

Activity 2 Choose the suitable food for each bird.
(Note : the bird may eat more than one type of food)



Hawk



Herbs



Snake



Rabbit



Egret



Cat



Mouse



Worms



Dove



Fish



Seeds



Bee



Goose



Mouse



Seeds



Grass

- Discuss with your child some types of birds and the suitable food for each bird.
- Let your child mention other examples of birds and their food.
- **Integration of subjects :** Science (birds and their food) – English (reading).
- **Life skills :** Verbal communication – Define relationships between different objects.

I Have Learned That

- **Habitat** is the natural environment of plants and animals.
- There are different habitats such as :



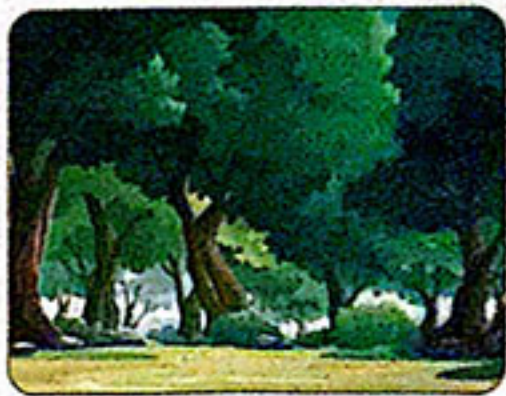
Ocean



Farm



Desert



Forest

- Habitats provide living things with their needs such as food, air, water and shelter.
-
- Egypt has different types of birds such as :



Egret



Goose



Dove



Quiz

On Chapter Two

1 Complete the following sentences using the words below :

(forest – human-made – needs – desert – sea)

1. Habitats provide living things with their
2. Fish live in habitat.
3. The axe is a object which is found in the farm habitat.
4. Cactus plant is found in habitat.
5. Gorilla lives in habitat.

2 Match each item to its habitat :

Items	Habitats
1. Egret	a. sea habitat.
2. Palm tree	b. farm habitat.
3. Dolphin	c. desert habitat.

1.

2.

3.

3 Choose from column (B) what suits it in column (A) :

(A)	(B)
1. Egret eats	a. lives in forest habitat.
2. Camel lives in	b. worms.
3. Lion	c. desert habitat.

1.

2.

3.

4 Write the name of each habitat below the suitable picture :



.....



.....



.....



.....

CHAPTER THREE

Monumental Designs



Learning outcomes

By the end of this chapter, your child will be able to :

- Interact with the three forms of matter.
- Investigate forms of matter.
- Identify examples of water in all three forms.
- Determine the form of water (solid, liquid, gas) in the Earth scene.
- Name and describe monuments found in Egypt.
- Define and explain importance of tourists.
- Design artwork in the form of a ticket for a monument.

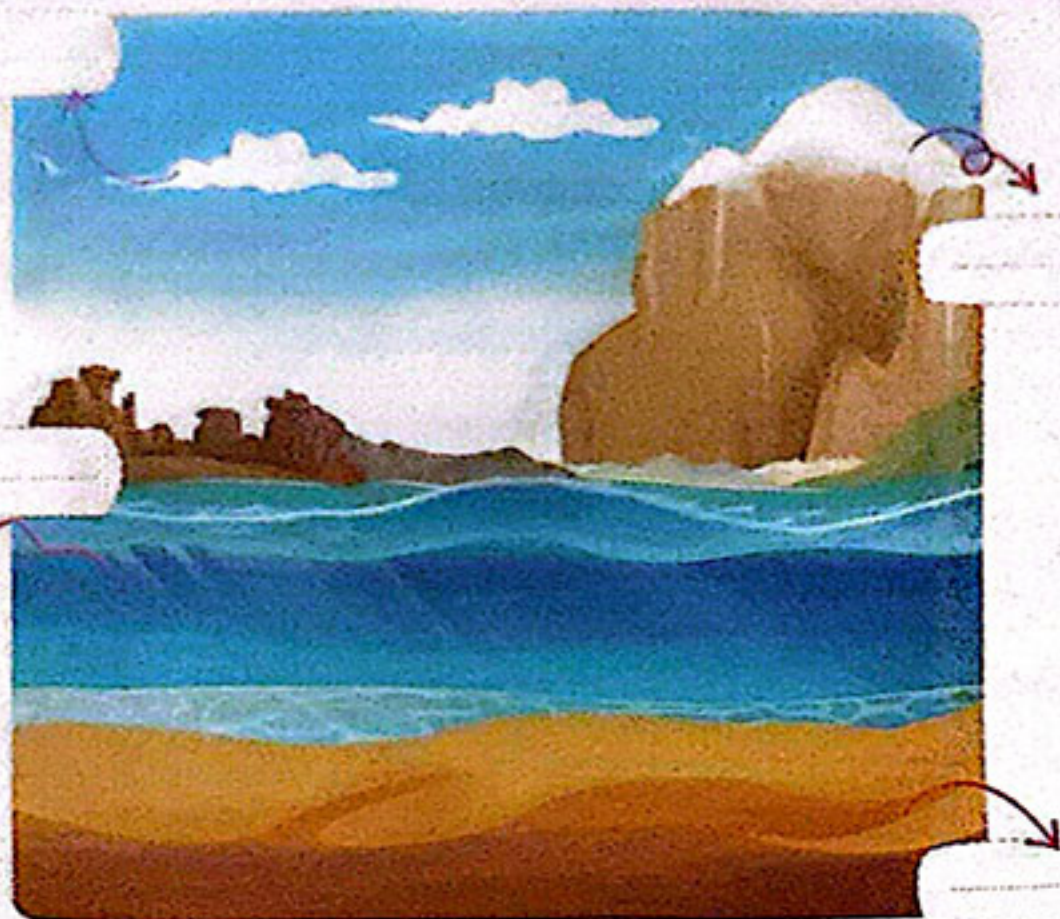
Key vocabulary

- | | | |
|-----------|------------|----------|
| • Gas | • Liquid | • Solid |
| • Vapor | • Monument | • Ticket |
| • Iceberg | • Tourist | |

1. Our World

Activity Complete the labels with the words between brackets, then answer the questions.

(Water – Ice – Land – Cloud)



Choose :

1. Our planet is called

(Venus – Earth – Mars)

2. Most of the surface of the Earth is covered with

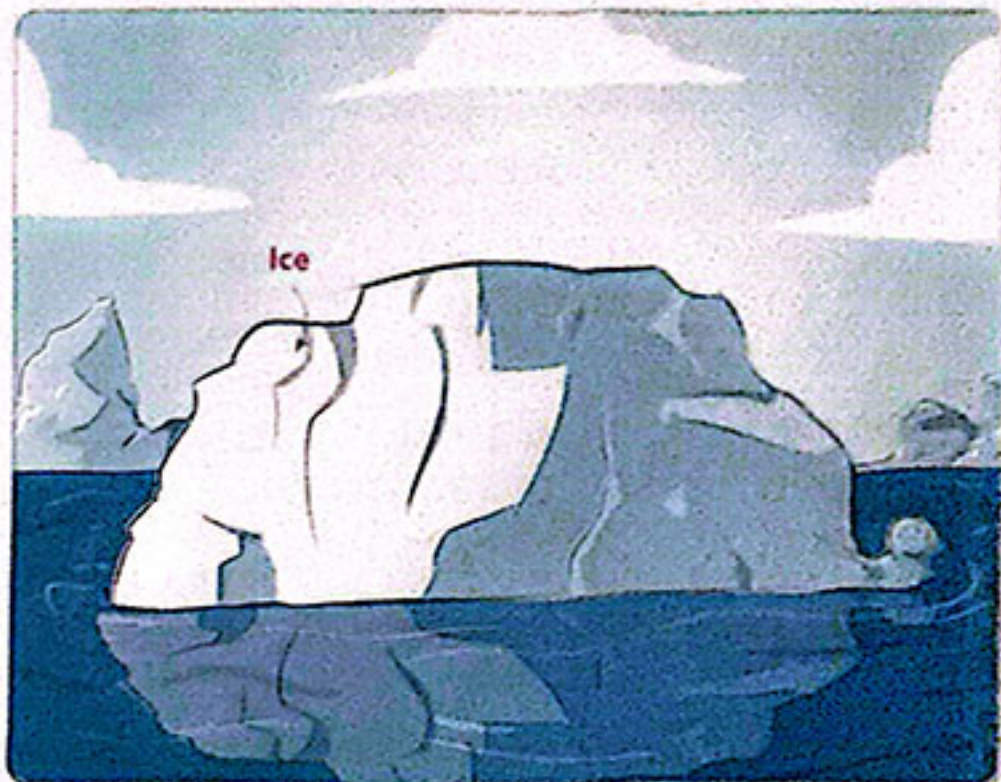
(ice – clouds – water)

- Discuss with your child the forms of water (solid, liquid and gas) on the Earth.
- Tell your child that our planet Earth is mostly covered with water.
- Integration of subjects : Science (forms of water on the Earth) – Social studies (describe a place).
- Life skills : Organize parts to form a new or unique whole – Verbal communication.

2. Water : Solid, Liquid And Gas

Activity Read the following sentences and observe the picture, then put ✓ or ✗ beside the statements below.

- The picture is for a very cold place.
- The very large piece of ice floating in the ocean is called "iceberg".
- The large icebergs are also called ice mountains.
- In this picture we can see the three forms of water.

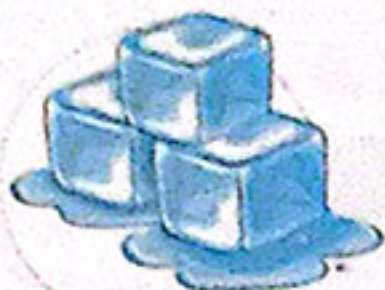


1. This place is much colder than Egypt. ()
2. Clouds are made of ice. ()
3. This type of ice formation is called iceberg. ()
4. Cloud is a very large piece of ice floating on the ocean. ()
5. Large icebergs are also called ice mountains. ()

- Help your child to describe the forms of water (solid, liquid and gas).
- Discuss with your child what is meant by "iceberg" (it is a very large piece of ice floating in the ocean).
- Integration of subjects : Science (forms of water) - English (reading).
- Life skills : Verbal communication -- Organize parts to form a new or unique whole.

Three Forms Of Water

Activity Circle the form of water that suits each picture.



Ice

Liquid

Solid

Gas



Water

Liquid

Solid

Gas



Water Vapor
(example : cloud)

Liquid

Solid

Gas

- Discuss with your child the three forms of water.
- Integration of subjects : Science (forms of water) – English (reading).
- Life skills : Define relationships between different objects – Verbal communication.

Fresh Water

Activity Complete the following table using the words below.
(swimming - rivers - seas - drinking - boating - cooking)



Fresh water



Salty water

Natural sources :

....., lakes and
underground springs.

..... and
oceans.

Its uses :

.....,
, boating, bathing,
watering crops,
swimming and boating.

....., fishing
and

- Let your child write some sources of fresh water such as (rivers, lakes, ... etc.) and some sources of salty water such as (seas, ... etc.).
- Let your child write some uses of fresh water such as (drinking, cooking, fishing, ... etc.) and some uses of salty water such as (swimming, boating, ... etc.).
- **Integration of subjects :** Social studies (sources of fresh and salty water) – English (writing).
- **Life skills :** Define relationships between different objects – Verbal communication.

1. Monuments Of Egypt

Activity Match each Egyptian monument with its name and its information.



Hatshepsut temple

It is the tallest building in Egypt and it is made up of concrete.



Cairo tower

It is made up of metal and it was established to honor Saad Zaghloul.



Statue of Saad Zaghloul

It is a religious building. Stones were used to build this monument.

Choose :

A is a structure that honors a special person or an event that is important in history. (requirement – monument – design)

Write a sentence using the word "monument".

.....

.....

- Talk with your child about the Egyptian monuments and help him/her to describe them.
- Discuss with your child the meaning of the word "monument" (It is a structure that honors a special person or an event that is important in history).
- **Integration of subjects :** Social studies (Egyptian monuments) – English (reading and writing).
- **Life skills :** Observation – Verbal communication.

2. A Monument Ticket

- Observe the following that shows a ticket of the Egyptian museum, then create your own ticket.

Monument
name

**EGYPTIAN
MUSEUM**

Ticket
number

541413

CAIRO- EGYPT

60 L.E.



Ticket value



- Help your child to create a ticket of his/her monument and add the information shown on the above ticket like monument name, ticket number and ticket value.

I Have Learned That

The forms of water are



Solid
(Ice)



Liquid
(Water)



Gas
(Water vapour)

- Our planet Earth is mostly covered with water.

- An **iceberg** is a very large piece of ice floating on an ocean.



- A **monument** is a structure that honors a special person or an event that is important in history.





Quiz

On Chapter Three

1 Complete the following sentences by using the words below

(Earth - seas)

1. The planet on which we live is called the
2. Oceans and are from natural source of salty water.

2 Choose the correct answer :

1. Water vapor is the form of water.
a. solid b. liquid c. gas
2. We need water in watering crops.
a. fresh b. salty c. polluted

3 Match each object to its form of matter :

Objects	Forms of matter
1. Ice.	a. Solid.
2. Water vapor.	b. Liquid.
3. Water.	c. Gas.

1.

2.

3.

4 Put (✓) or (✗) :

1. The monument is a structure that honors a special person or an event that is important in history. ()
2. The Earth is mostly covered with ice. ()



Quiz

On Theme Two

1 Choose the correct answer :

- Ice is the form of water.
a. liquid b. solid c. gas
- Zebra lives in habitat.
a. forest b. desert c. farm
- The is a very large piece of ice floating in the ocean.
a. cloud b. space c. iceberg

2 Choose from column (B) what suits it in column (A) :

(A)	(B)
1. Fox lives in	a. water vapor.
2. Clouds are example of	b. desert habitat.

1.

2.

3 Choose the suitable habitat for each object :

1.



a. Sea



b. City



c. Farm

2.



a. Desert



b. Farm



c. Sea

4 Put (✓) or (✗) :

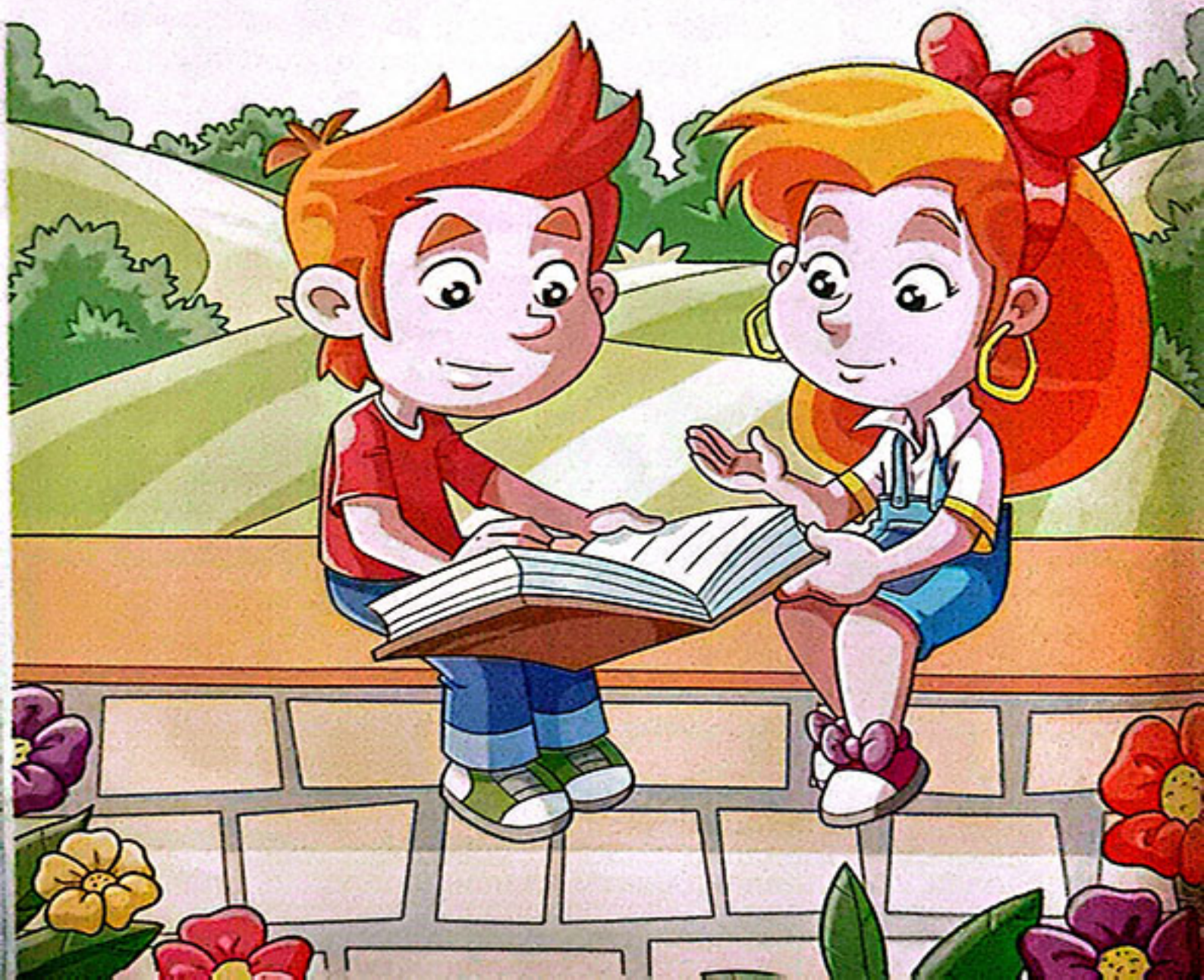
1. Gorilla lives in ocean habitat. ()
2. Giza pyramids are the most famous monuments in Egypt. ()
3. The Sun appears bigger than other stars because it is closer to us a natural object. ()

5 Complete the following sentences using the words below :

(farm – salty)

1. Oceans are from the natural resources of water.
2. Ducks live in habitat.

Glossary



Who Am I?



Active	نشط
Apologize	يعتذر
Band	فرقة موسيقى
Breakfast	وجبة الإفطار
Citizen	مواطن
Classmate	زميل الدراسة
Compromise	حل وسط
Conflict	خلاف
Cooperate	يتعاون
Daily routine	النظام اليومي
Describe	يوصف
Dinner	وجبة العشاء
Encourage	يشجع
Fixing	إصلاح
Garbage	القمامة
Help	يساعد
Interrupt	يقاطع
Jobs	أعمال / وظائف
Lies	أكاذيب
Lunch	وجبة الغداء
Manage time	ينظم الوقت
Neighbor	جار
Notice	يلاحظ
Organize	ينظم
Politely	بأدب
Preparing	تحضير
Priorities	الأولويات
Problem	مشكلة

Respectful	احترام
Responsibilities	مسئوليات
Schedule	جدول
Share ideas	يشارك الأفكار
Spare time	وقت فراغ
Spend	يقضي
Solution	حل
Solve	يحل
Suggest	يقترح
Tidy	مرتب / نظيف
Traffic lights	إشارات المرور
Truth	الحقيقة
Wash	يعسل

Chapter 2

Adult	مراهق
Beak	منقار
Bones	عظام
Bring	يحضر
Broom	مكنسة
Butterfly	فراشة
Bugs	حشرات
Cereals	حبوب
Chew	يمضغ
Claw	مخالب
Commercial	إعلان
Community	المجتمع
Conservation	ترشيد
Dairy product	منتجات الألبان

Decide	يقرر	Chief	رئيس
Elder	رجل عجوز	Commercial	تجاري
Expired	انتهى الصلاحية	Delicious	لذيذ
Feed	يتغذى	Developing	تطوير
Get rid of	يتخلص	Experiment	تجربة
Grow up	نمو	Eye drop	قطرات العين (قطرة)
Healthy	صحي	Future	مستقبل
Independently	شكل مستقل	Green pepper	فلفل أخضر
Life cycle	دورة حياة	Industrial	صناعي
Muscles	عضلات	Knitting	سبك
Nest	عش	Languages	لغات
Pests	آفات	Meals	وجبات
Reach	يصل	Medical	طبي
Safe	آمن	Musician	موسيقي
Source	مصدر	Pets	حيوانات الأليفة
Stages	مراحل	Profession	مهنة
Talon	مخالب	Research	بحث
Take care	يختني به	Seeds	بذور
Teenager	مراهق	Selling	بيع
Waste	فضلات	Sewing	خياطة
Wings	أجنحة	Survey	استطلاع رأي
Yogurt	زبادي	Tasks	مهام
		Tourism	سياحة
		Tourist	سائح
		Transportation	وسائل المواصلات
		Trip	رحلة
		Wildlife	الحياة البرية

Chapter 3

Advice	نصيحة
Agricultural	زراعي
Cash register	ماكينة النقود
Categorizing	تصنيف

Chapter 1

Bright	لامع
Close to	قريب من
Dark	مظلم / معتمة
Day sky	السماء نهاراً
Exist	توجد
Far away	بعيد جداً
Night sky	السماء ليلاً
Observe	يلاحظ / يراقب
Pattern	نمط
Rising	بشرق
Stars	نجوم
Size	حجم
Space	فضاء
Sunrise	شروق الشمس

Chapter 2

Beach	شاطئ
Cactus	صبار
City	مدينة
Conditions	ظروف
Dove	حمامة
Desert	صحراء
Environment	بيئة
Egret	طائر أبو قردان
Farmland	أرض زراعية
Goose	وزة
Habitat	موطن

Herbs

Hawk

Living things

Mountain

Ocean

Chapter 3

Established

Forms

Gas

Honor

Iceberg

Liquid

Monument

Matter

Pyramid

Religious

Solid

Springs

Statue

Steam

Stones

Temple

Temperature

Tower

Water vapor

أعشاب

صقر

كائنات حية

جبل

محيط

مؤسس

الشكل

غاز

تكرم

جبل جليد

سائل

نصب تذكاري

المادة

هرم

ديني

صلب

الينابيع

تمثال

بخار

حجارة

معبد

درجة الحرارة

برج

بخار الماء